# FLUID COOLING | Mobile AOHM & AOVHM Series

#### **Features**

- AO/AOVH Series with Hydraulic Motor
- High Heat Removal
- Heavy Duty Construction
- Wide Flow Range
- Heat Removal up to 210,000 BTU/Hr.
- Long Life Hydraulic Motor
- NPT Connections



OPTIONS

Built-in Relief Bypass Valve

SAE or BSPP Connections

Corrosion Resistant Coating

**AOHMR MODELS ONLY** 

#### Ratings

**Operating Pressure** 300 psi **Test Pressure** 300 psi **Operating Temperature** 400° F

#### **Materials**

Tubes Copper Fins Aluminum Turbulators Steel Manifolds Steel Connections Steel

**Cabinet** Steel with Baked Enamel Finish **Fan Blade** Aluminum with Steel Hub

Fan Guard Zinc Plated Steel

Fan Adapter Steel

#### **How to Order**

Model **Model Size Selected** Connection Relief Bypass\*\* Number of Foot Mounting Series Passes\* Type\* **Brackets** Blank - No Bypass Blank - NPT **AOHM** Blank - No Bypass 30 - 30 psi Blank - No Brackets **AOHMR** 1 - One Pass\* S - SAE **60** - 60 psi FB - Foot Brackets **MHVOA** 2 - Two Pass **AOVHMR** ADD FOR AOHM &

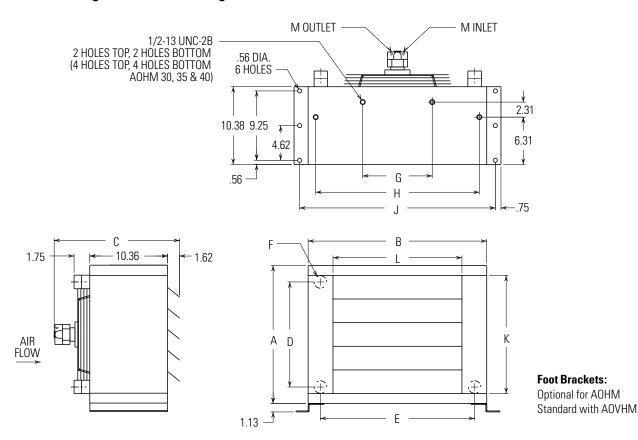
**AOHMR** - Relief Bypass Included **AOVHMR** - Relief Bypass Included (available in 2 pass only)

<sup>\*</sup>Other connection types available. Please consult factory for assistance.

<sup>\*\*</sup>ADD FOR AOHMR & AOVHMR MODELS ONLY

# **Dimensions**

#### Fan Rotating Clockwise/Facing Motor Shaft



See dimensional chart for external NPT or optional internal SAE connection size.

						F							М	NET WT
MODEL	A	В	C	D	E	NPT	SAE	G	Н	J	K	L	(SAE)	(LBS)
AOHM-5	11.81	14.81		7.69	11.69	1"	#16		12.94	16.81	9.19	8.31		35
A0VHM-5	11.01	11.01	16.70	7.00	11.03	1 1/2"	#24			10.01	0.10	0.01	#8	59
A0HM-10	13.12	19.00		8.88	15.88	1"	#16		17.12	21.00	10.50	12.50		50
AOVHM-10						1 1/2"	#24							76
A0HM-15	15.75	20.38		11.50	17.25	1"	#16		18.50	22.38	13.12	13.88		60
AOVHM-15	15./5					1 1/2"	#24							89
A0HM-20	18.38	23.81	17.09	14.00	20.56	1 1/4"	#20		21.81	25.81	15.75	17.19		75
A0VHM-20	10.50					2"	#32		21.01					108
A0HM-25	23.62	26.68		19.25	23.56	1 1/4"	#20		24.81	28.68	21.00	20.1		110
AOVHM-25	23.02	20.00	17.25			2"	#32			20.00				143
A0HM-30	27.56	31.62	16.70	23.19	28.50	1 1/4"	#20	11.00	29.75	33.62	24.94	25.12		120
AOVHM-30			16.95			2"	#32		29.70					178
A0HM-35	30.19	33.81	16.70	25.81 30.69	20 60	1 1/4"	#20	11.00	31.94	35.81	27.56	27.31		135
AOVHM-35			17.22		30.09	2"	#32						#10	220
A0HM-40	36.75	41.62	16.70	32.38	38.50	1 1/4"	#20	13.25	39.75	43.62	34.12	35.12	#8	160
AOVHM-40			17.22			2"	#32		35.73	43.02	34.12	30.12	#10	286

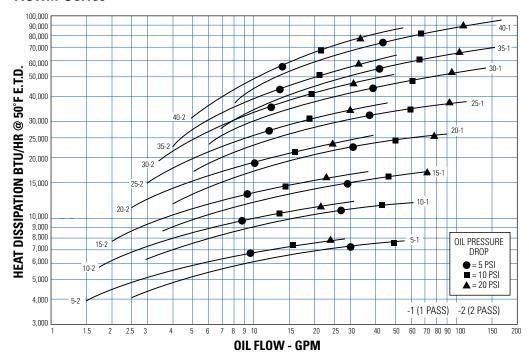
NOTE: All dimensions are in inches.

NOTE: We reserve the right to make reasonable design changes without notice.

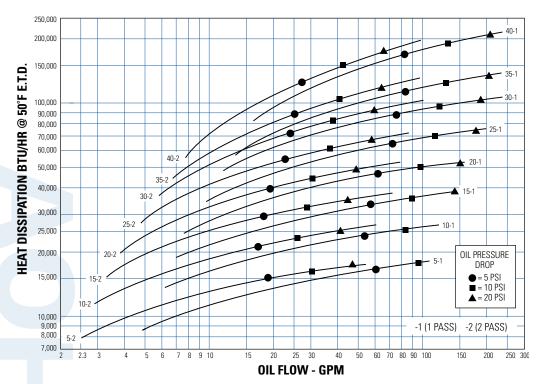


# **Performance Curves**

#### **AOHM Series**



#### **AOVHM Series**



### **Selection Procedure**

Performance Curves are based on 50 SSU oil entering the cooler 50°F higher than the ambient air temperature used for cooling. This is referred to as a 50°F E.T.D.

**Step 1 Determine the Heat Load.** Heat load may be expressed as either horsepower or BTU/Hr. To convert horsepower to BTU/Hr.: BTU/HR = Horsepower x 2545

Step 2 Determine Entering Temperature Difference. The entering oil temperature is generally the maximum desired oil temperature. Entering oil temperature – Ambient air temperature = E.T.D.

Step 3 Determine the Corrected Heat Dissipation to use the curves. Corrected Heat Dissipation =  $BTU/HR \text{ heat load } x \frac{50°F}{E.T.D.} x \text{ viscosity correction A.}$ 

Step 4 Enter curves at oil flow through cooler and curve heat dissipation.

Any curve above the intersecting point will work.

**NOTE**: Performance curves shown are for 1 and 2 pass configuration.

**EXAMPLE:** 35 - 2 is AOHM or AOVHM - 35

#### Step 5 Determine Oil Pressure Drop from Curves:

 $\bullet$  = 5 PSI;  $\blacksquare$  = 10 PSI;  $\triangle$  = 20 PSI. Multiply pressure drop from curve by correction factor B found in oil viscosity correction curve.

# OIL VISCOSITY CORRECTION MULTIPLIERS 6 5 4 4 3 2.5 2.5 1.5 50 60 65 70 75 80 90 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 OIL VISCOSITY SSU

#### **Desired Reservoir Temperature**

**Oil Temperature:** Oil coolers can be selected using entering or leaving oil temperatures.

**Off-Line Recirculation Cooling Loop:** Desired reservoir temperature is the oil temperature entering the cooler.

**Return Line Cooling:** Desired reservoir temperature is the oil temperature leaving the cooler. In this case, the oil temperature change must be determined so that the actual oil entering temperature can be found. Calculate the oil temperature change (oil  $\triangle$ T) with this formula:

Oil  $\triangle T = (BTU's/Hr.) / (GPM Oil Flow x 210).$ 

To calculate the oil entering temperature to the cooler, use this formula: Oil Entering Temp. = Oil Leaving Temp + Oil  $\triangle$ T.

**Oil Pressure Drop:** Most systems can tolerate a pressure drop through the heat exchanger of 20 to 30 PSI. Excessive pressure drop should be avoided. Care should be taken to limit pressure drop to 5 PSI or less for case drain applications where high back pressure may damage the pump shaft seals.

#### Oil Temperature

Typical operating temperature ranges are:

Hydraulic Motor Oil120°F - 180°FHydrostatic Drive Oil160°F - 180°FEngine Lube Oil180°F - 200°FAutomatic Transmission Fluid200°F - 300°F

#### **Hydraulic Motor**

MODEL	MAXIMUM FAN SPEED (RPM)		OIL FLOW REQUIRED (GPM)		MIN. OPERATING PRESSURE (PSI)		SOUND dB(A)*		MOTOR (in <sup>3</sup> /rev.) DISPLACEMENT		CFM	
SIZE	AOHM	AOVHM	AOHM	AOVHM	AOHM	AOVHM	AOHM	AOVHM	AOHM	AOVHM	AOHM	AOVHM
5		3450	1.6	3.3	300	300	68	85	.22	.22	465	780
10	1705						68	85			669	1110
15	15 1725						69	91			956	1590
20							70	91			1460	2168
25		1725	1.1	3.4	400	500	72	81	.22	.45	2160	3000
30	35 1140						75	84			2990	4095
35				5.2	900	1000	76	89		.70	4370	5921
40							78	91			5450	9609

Notes: Maximum pressure is 2000 psi. Stated minimum operating pressure is at inlet port of motor. 1000 psi allowable back pressure.

<sup>\*</sup>Catalog db(A) sound levels are at seven (7) feet. dB(A) sound levels increase by six (6) dB(A) for halving this distance and decrease by (6) dB(A) for doubling this distance.



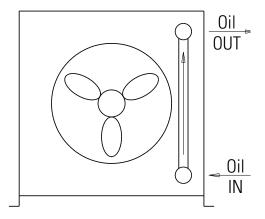
# **Built-In Relief Bypass**

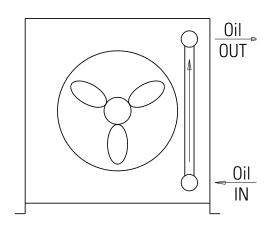
#### **AOHMR Series**

One Pass (Medium to High Oil Flows)	
Model Number	Flow Range GPM (USA)
AOHMR - 5-1	2 - 80
AOHMR - 10-1	3 - 80
AOHMR - 15-1	4 - 80
A0HMR - 20-1	5 - 80
AOHMR - 25-1	6 - 100
AOHMR - 30-1	7 - 100
AOHMR - 35-1	8 - 112
AOHMR - 40-1	9 - 118

Two Pass (Low to Medium Oil Flows)	
Model Number	Flow Range GPM (USA)
AOHMR - 5-2	2 - 25
AOHMR - 10-2	2 - 30
AOHMR - 15-2	2 - 40
AOHMR - 20-2	2 - 30
AOHMR - 25-2	2 - 40
AOHMR - 30-2	2 - 40
AOHMR - 35-2	3 - 40
AOHMR - 40-2	4 - 40

# Oil OUT OUT





#### **AOVHMR Series**

Two Pass (Low to Medium Oil Flows)	
Model Number	Flow Range GPM (USA)
AOVHMR - 5-2	4 - 50
AOVHMR - 10-2	4 - 60
A0VHMR - 15-2	4 - 60
A0VHMR - 20-2	4 - 80
A0VHMR - 25-2	4 - 80
A0VHMR - 30-2	4 - 80
A0VHMR - 35-2	6 - 80
AOVHMR - 40-2	8 - 80

Bypass valve is available for 2 pass AOVHMR models only.

#### **Installation Piping Diagrams**

